

RURAL WATER DISTRICT No. 3, JACKSON COUNTY

— WATER QUALITY REPORT (COVERS CALENDAR YEAR 2021)

This pamphlet lists water quality information for Rural Water District No. 3, Jackson County, Kansas. It includes limited details on the source and quality parameters and how our water compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards. It's important that customers be aware of the efforts that are made continually to improve their water system. To learn more, please contact Brenda L. Adkins, Manager, at 785/364-3056. Meetings of the board are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 5:30 p.m. at the maintenance shop building at 25261 Q4 Road.

The water source for Jackson RWD 3 is produced from wells and purchased from Public Wholesale 18. The water is treated to remove contaminants. A disinfectant is also added to protect the water supply against microbial contaminants.

A message from EPA

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The city treats water according to EPA's regulations. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water before treatment may include:

- **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.

- **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.

- **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.

- **Radioactive contaminants**, which are naturally occurring.

- **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

- **Lead**: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Your water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for thirty seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

- **Total Coliform Rule (TCR)**: Coliform bacteria are usually harmless, but their presence in water can be an indication of disease-causing bacteria. When coliform bacteria are found, special follow-up tests are done to determine if harmful bacteria are present in the water supply. If this limit is exceeded, the water supplier must notify the public by newspaper, television or radio. During 2021, the utility collected two samples per month and all were in compliance.

Water Quality Data

The table on the reverse side lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the 2021 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 - December 31, 2021. The state requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, is more than one year old. The bottom line is that the water that is provided to you is safe.

Terms & Abbreviations

- **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)**: The "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)**: the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using best available treatment technology.
- **Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL)**: recommended level for a contaminant that is not regulated and has no MCL.
- **Action Level (AL)**: The concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements.
- **Technique (TT)**: A required process intended to reduce levels of a contaminant in drinking water.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)**: Highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water; there is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- **Non-Detects (ND)**: Lab analysis indicates the contaminant is not present.
- **Parts per Million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/l)**
- **Parts per Billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter (µg/l)**
- **Picocuries per Liter (pCi/L)**: A measure of the radioactivity in water.
- **Millirems per Year (mrem/yr)**: Measure of radiation absorbed by the body.
- **Period Average (MPA)**: An average of sample results obtained during a defined time frame, common examples of monitoring periods are monthly, quarterly and yearly.
- **Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)**: A measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person. Turbidity is not regulated for ground water systems.
- **Running Annual Average (RAA)**: Average of sample results obtained over the most current 12 months and used to determine compliance with MCLs

Testing Results for Rural Water District No. 3, Jackson County

Please note that because of the monitoring schedules, some of the test results are more than one year old.

Microbiological	Result	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
COLIFORM (TCR)	In the month of December, 1 sample(s) returned as positive	Treatment Technique Trigger	0	Naturally present in the environment

Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
ARSENIC	8/3/2020	2	1.1 - 2	ppb	10	0	Erosion of natural deposits
BARIUM	3/2/2020	0.15	0.14 - 0.15	ppm	2	2	Discharge from metal refineries
CHROMIUM	8/3/2020	3.1	2.3 - 3.1	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills
FLUORIDE	8/3/2020	0.25	0.17 - 0.25	ppm	4	4	Natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth.
METHOXYCHLOR	10/18/2021	0.00025	0 - 0.00025	MG/L	0.04	0.04	
NITRATE	5/17/2021	4.5	0.57 - 4.5	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use
SELENIUM		8.1	1.8 - 8.1	ppb	50	50	Erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection Byproducts	Monitoring Period	Highest RAA	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	2021	19	0 - 25	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM	2021	28	0 - 36	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Lead and Copper	Monitoring Period	90 th Percentile	Range (low/high)	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Typical Source
COPPER, FREE	2018 - 2020	0.21	0.03 - 0.91	ppm	1.3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing
LEAD	2018 - 2020	3.1	0 - 5.5	ppb	15	0	Corrosion of household plumbing

Chlorine/Chloramines Maximum Disinfection Level	MPA	MPA Units	RAA	RAA Units
2021 - 2021	3.0000	MG/L	2.3	MG/L

Secondary Contaminants-Non Health Based Contaminants-No Federal Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) Established.	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	SMCL
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	3/2/2020	270	240 - 270	MG/L	300
CALCIUM	3/2/2020	100	81 - 100	MG/L	200
CHLORIDE	3/2/2020	41	8.7 - 41	MG/L	250
CONDUCTIVITY @ 25 C UMHO/CM	3/2/2020	750	620 - 750	UMHO/CM	1500
CORROSIVITY	8/3/2020	0.99	0.22 - 0.99	LANG	0
HARDNESS, TOTAL (AS CaCO3)	3/2/2020	310	260 - 310	MG/L	400
IRON	8/3/2020	0.044	0 - 0.044	MG/L	0.3
MAGNESIUM	3/2/2020	16	14 - 16	MG/L	150
MANGANESE	8/3/2020	0.026	0 - 0.026	MG/L	0.05
PH	3/2/2020	7.5	7.3 - 7.5	PH	8.5
PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL	3/2/2020	1.1	0.04 - 1.1	MG/L	5
POTASSIUM	3/2/2020	2	0.87 - 2	MG/L	100
SILICA	8/3/2020	31	28 - 31	MG/L	50
SODIUM	3/2/2020	45	16 - 45	MG/L	100
SULFATE	3/2/2020	63	17 - 63	MG/L	250
TDS	3/2/2020	470	320 - 470	MG/L	500
ZINC	3/2/2020	0.029	0.012 - 0.029	MG/L	5

During the 2021 calendar year, Jackson RWD 3 had the below noted violations of drinking water regulations.

Compliance Period	Analyte	Comments
11/1/2021 - 11/30/2021	CHLORINE	MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR
11/1/2021 - 11/30/2021	REVISED TOTAL COLIFORM RULE (RTCR)	MONITORING, ROUTINE, MINOR (RTCR)

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other potentially harmful bacteria may be present.

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Some or all of our drinking water is supplied from another water system. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants, which were detected during the 2021 calendar year from the water systems that we purchase drinking water from.

Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Water System	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
BARIUM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.084	0.084	ppm	2	2	Discharge from metal refineries
FLUORIDE	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.25	0.25	ppm	4	4	Natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth.
NITRATE	4/5/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.61	0 - 0.61	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use

Secondary Contaminants	Collection Date	Water System	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	SMCL
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	140	140	MG/L	300
ALUMINUM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.024	0.024	MG/L	0.05
CALCIUM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	49	49	MG/L	200
CHLORIDE	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	14	14	MG/L	250
CONDUCTIVITY @ 25 C UMHO/CM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	400	400	UMHO/CM	1500
CORROSIVITY	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.25	0.25	LANG	0
HARDNESS, TOTAL (AS CaCO3)	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	180	180	MG/L	400
MAGNESIUM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	13	13	MG/L	150
NICKEL	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.0037	0.0037	MG/L	0.1
PH	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	8	8	PH	8.5
POTASSIUM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	4.6	4.6	MG/L	100
SILICA	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.15	0.15	MG/L	50
SODIUM	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	8.3	8.3	MG/L	100
SULFATE	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	34	34	MG/L	250
TDS	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	210	210	MG/L	500
ZINC	4/19/2021	PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	0.0076	0.0076	MG/L	5

During the 2021 calendar year, the water systems that we purchase water from had the below noted violation(s) of drinking water regulations.

Water System	Type	Category	Analyte	Compliance Period
PUBLIC WHOLESale WSD 18	MONITORING, RTN/RPT MAJOR (SWTR-FILTER)	MON	CHLORINE	8/1/2021 - 8/31/2021